



Wednesday Morning, Sept. 25, 1867.

## Reduction in Rates of Advertising!

On and after this date a Reduction of FIVE PER CENT. on the rates heretofore charged for Advertisements in the DAILY and WEEKLY COLONIST will be made on all bills paid in advance at the Office desk.

**Job Printing**  
Will be CASH ON DELIVERY of the Work.

Victoria, Sept. 7th, 1867.

## TO ADVERTISERS.

Transient Advertisements must be paid for in advance to insure insertion.

## TO AGENTS.

Settlements of accounts will be required monthly, or the supply of papers will be discontinued. The daily and weekly issues will be furnished at the lowest cash rates and no exception will in future be made to this rule.

## Death of Sir Frederick Bruce.

The telegraph announces the death of Sir Frederick Bruce, the British Minister at Washington. No particulars are given, and the announcement is made in an indefinite way, as though the operator below took it for granted that the melancholy circumstance had been previously announced here. From the wording of the despatch, however, there is no doubt in our mind that the great diplomatist is no more. The illness to which Sir Frederick succumbed must have been of brief duration, for it is not over a month since we heard that he was rustinating at Auburn, in the State of New York, in company with Mr Seward. Sir Frederick Bruce succeeded Lord Lyons, as Minister at Washington, some two years ago. He was a gentleman of kind and amiable dispositions, possessed great ability, and was a universal favorite with Americans.

## English and Continental Echoes.

The French and Prussian journals are quarrelling merrily over their international relations. A report had been spread that the French Government had forwarded a despatch to Berlin advocating the claim of Denmark to North Schleswig. This the *Moniteur* denied. Thereupon the *North German Gazette* affirmed that a note had been read, but not left, and the French papers quizzed the *Moniteur*. It is now stated officially that a note was sent to the French Charge d'Affaires, and was read by him to the Prussian Minister without instructions, so that the *Moniteur* is technically in the right. The papers, however, take the opportunity of abusing their adversaries, the Prussians declaring that the French shall not interfere in Germany, the French retorting that Prussia is peaceful because if she went to war she would lose all she has acquired. The *Constitutionnel* has been directed to explain that the two Cabinets are not hostile, and the order of the day in Paris appears to be "no war till next year." It is believed by well informed persons, however, that if the Grand Duke, as rumoured, surrenders Baden to Prussia, war will be immediately inevitable. The Duke of Cambridge has finally passed judgment upon the Simla scandal. In a well written but excessively lengthy despatch his Royal Highness decides that the extra duties performed by aides-de-camp in India cannot be considered "military duties involving military subordination;" that the guilt or innocence of Captain Jervis—as to the pickles—is, at least, doubtful; that he was not guilty of insubordination in declining to furnish his books; that the recommendation to mercy ought either to have been attended to, or the entire case referred home for final decision. His Royal Highness considers that the original trial of Captain Jervis was "unadvisable and inexpedient," declares the orders to the staff improper and unlike any he has ever seen, suggests that Sir W. Mansfield might have behaved in a "more conciliatory" manner, and regrets that he did not follow the "proper and judicious" course of personal explanation. As to the trial, his Royal Highness regrets that Sir W. Mansfield "allowed his better judgment to be overruled," and declares that his remarks on the court-martial have a "tendency to weaken the independence of courts-martial," to bring contempt on military tribunals, and to affect the discipline of the Army in a very material degree.

Lord Derby, in the debate on the Commons' amendments, took occasion to give an odd little rap to the Commons. It seems that when the Managers of the two Houses met in conference, the Lords sat capped and the Commons stand uncovered. The Commons think that undignified, and now, therefore, always send the paper of "Reasons," to the Upper House by clerk. Lord Derby thinks this as ridiculous as if a baron refused an invitation because an earl would go down to dinner before him. We regret to notice the death of Mrs Austin, probably the best translator from German into English

QUEBEC.

Last night the Baron Falkenberg, the Consul of Sweden and Norway, gave a dinner at the Stadacona Club, in honour of the officers of the corvette Norrkoping, now lying in this port. A number of our citizens were invited to meet them and had a pleasant evening—*Quebec Chronicle*.

The Quebec *Chronicle* suggests that Sir Allan McNab's police bill should again be taken up and passed by Parliament. It provided for the raising of about five hundred men, and the establishment of a force on the Irish Constabulary model.

The bust of Sir Etienne Tache, for the Parliament Buildings, is almost finished, and is said to be a striking likeness.

## Prince Edwards Island.

The Charlottetown *Islander* says of the Island Colony of Prince Edward:—"In fact, we are quite prepared to hear from all quarters of the island, that if the Canadians will give us the \$800,000 for the benefit of the tenantry, and allow the annual rate of eighty cents per head, increasing it as the population may increase, the people of the island will hold up their hands for Confederation."

## By Electric Telegraph

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST

## LAST NIGHT'S DESPATCHES

## Europe.

MANCHESTER, Sept. 19.—A serious Fenian riot occurred to-day, several persons were killed and wounded, a strong police force conducted Kelly, recently arrested here, and Deary from jail to the railroad, preparatory to removal of them to Dublin for trial, were attacked by the mob, armed with clubs, stones and fire-arms, and had a desperate battle. The police were overpowered and the prisoners rescued and carried off in triumph. The city is now quiet, one policeman was killed and several wounded, many rioters were badly wounded; three hundred pounds sterling are offered for the recapture of the prisoners; but they have not yet been found. Many of the rioters were arrested.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Preparations of the party of action for a movement on Rome are nearly completed. It is rumored that Garibaldi will fix Sunday next as the day on which the attempt will be made.

MANCHESTER, Sept. 17.—Col. Kelly, one of the leaders of the Fenian outbreak in Ireland, was arrested to-day and fully identified; he will be sent to Dublin and tried for treason.

BELFAST, Sept. 17.—A citizen was buried to-day who was supposed to be a secret director of the Fenian organization. His funeral was made the occasion of an extensive demonstration, 8,000 people being in the procession.

The Cabinets of Berlin and Vienna are negotiating a commercial treaty between Germany and Austria of many restrictions. It will tend to make business relations between the two countries more satisfactory than since the war.

## The Cable.

HEART'S CONTENT, Sept. 20.—The cable of 1866 was repaired yesterday under the direction of Sir Samuel Canning and is now in good working order.

## Canada.

OTTAWA, Sept. 21.—Parliament has been prorogued until November.

## Mexico.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—The *Herald's* Mexico correspondent of 29th August says, Castillo and all the Imperial generals at Queratero sentenced to death have been pardoned.

## Second Despatch.

## Eastern States.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19th—The *Times'* special says Hancock has arrived at Washington, being summoned by Gen. Grant.

This evening the Administration organ declares that in case of impeachment no Senator who has expressed an opinion beforehand will be allowed to sit in judgment on Andrew Johnson.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—The death of Sir Frederick Bruce, in view of existing relations with England, is regarded as a serious calamity under the present temper of the British nation as exhibited by the press. It is not seen how he can be replaced.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—A *Tribune* special says Grant dissolves any intention of resignation.

The attempt to purchase St Thomas has failed.

## The Plains.

The Indians have notified the contractors of the Kansas Pacific Railroad that it shall not be built beyond Fort Hayes, as they mean war to the knife. Great excitement prevails along the route, and laborers are continually leaving.

## California.

MONEY MARKET.

SAN FRANCISCO Sept. 23—Gold opened in New York this morning at 143; closing at 142½. Sterling, 109½@110½.

WHEAT—Receipts for the forty-eight hours ending to-day noon were 7,700 sacks. The market is quiet. Good shipping grades can hardly be quoted above \$2 05. Sales include 1000 sacks Fair, \$1 90; 2000 sacks Chevalier at \$1 95.

BARLEY—470 sacks old brewing \$1 90. We quote new at \$1 85. Sale of 500 sacks Chevalier at \$1 95.

OATS—Market quiet; quotable at \$1 70 @1 85; 500 good feed at \$1 80.

This evening, in New York, flour \$13 75, steady. Wheat—\$2 75, steady.

## SHIPPING.

ARRIVED, Sept. 22—Steamer Sacramento from New York.

## DELAYED DISPATCHES.

## Mexico.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.—The *Herald's* City of Mexico letter, dated August 25th, says there is considerable canvassing and

excitement over the Presidential election. The factions are active, and the opposition are neglecting no opportunity to damage the chances of Juarez. The latter favors making the Mexican Constitution like that of the United States. He also favors allowing the clergy to vote. Having two houses of Congress, the Ministers are to report to the Executive as in this country.

Santa Anna's trial is daily expected. He has the same counsel as Maximilian, and the impression is general that he won't be executed, but that his estates will be confiscated.

The roads are being cleared of banditti.

Lorada has surrendered to Corona.

## Eastern States.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—The Post's Washington letter gives the conversation of one of Grant's staff officers with him, concerning Grant's candidacy for Presidency. He said he would not be President if an opportunity offered. He had made as much reputation as he ought to want. The office of President would mar his domestic happiness, and would lose instead of gain him friends.

A private dinner was given to Beauregard last night at the New York Hotel, by about one hundred friends. The General in his speech said the talk about another rebellion was sheer nonsense and utterly impossible. This generation of people should bend its energies again to build up the Union. He urges them to give the Government their united support in its attempt at reconstruction.

GALVESTON, Sept. 16.—Gen. Griffin died of yellow fever to-day.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 11.—In the Common Council, last night, at the election of Assistant Recorders, one white and three negroes were chosen. Several other negroes were chosen for other municipal offices.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—A *Herald* special despatch contains a report of the speech of Wade at Cleveland last night which is a terrible arraignment of the Democratic party and President Johnson. He says President Johnson means to enforce his policy at the point of the bayonet.

## New Advertisements.

## PIANO FOR SALE—CHEAP.

A FULL CONCERT PITCH  
Grand, by one of the best makers.  
Apply to HUBBEN & CO.,  
Or to MR DIGBY PALMER,  
se25 1m\*

## NOTICE.

IF THE PERSON WHO TOOK THE  
POGMANIANAL of the undersigned, by mistake,  
from the steamer *Alexandra*, on Saturday last, will return the same and papers which were in said Pogrammanal he will much oblige

A. C. ELLIOTT,  
Sheriff's Office, se25

In the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of  
Vancouver Island, C.B.

## IN BANKRUPTCY.

IN RE CHAS. W. WALLACE—TO SUB-  
MITTER for his examination and the choice of Trade  
Assessors at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, on WEDNES-  
DAY, the 23rd inst.

RICHARD WOODS,  
Registrar's Office, Sept. 24, 1867.

ATTENTION, FIRE DEPARTMENT!  
IN CONFORMITY WITH THE  
ACT OF PARLIAMENT, 1861, in force, it is hereby given that an EX-  
HIBITION of two duly qualified persons to the  
respective officers, Chief and Assistant Engineer of the  
Royal Engineers, will be held at the House of the Royal Engineers,  
No. 1, on MONDAY, the 7th day of October  
next, at 12 o'clock in the forenoon. The poll will be  
closed at 4 o'clock p.m.

JOHN DICKSON,  
President V. F. D.  
Victoria, B.C., Sept. 24, 1867.

THE MUTUAL LIFE

Insurance Co. of New York.

## INCORPORATED 1842.]

## ASSETS, \$22,000,000 CASH!

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL RETURN  
to Victoria in December next to receive applications  
for policies in the above Company.

Life Assurance is now regarded as a social duty. The  
"Mutual" affords the greatest security. The "Assets"  
are \$1,000,000, the same being divided among the  
policy-holders only. An endowment Policy offers to  
young men the best investment.

A. C. ELLIOTT,  
High Sheriff.

Victoria, B.C., 23d September, 1867.

N.B.—Office hours 10 to 1 and 2 to 4 daily; Saturday,  
10 to 1.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY  
Agents for Vancouver Island and British Columbia  
se14

THE ATTENTION OF DEFALCATORS  
under the above Act is hereby drawn to the XIth  
(42d) Section of said Act, by which the Sheriff is instructed to  
levy the amount due by distress of the Goods and  
Chattels of the person liable to pay the same or in de-  
fault if sufficient distress by the sale of so much of the  
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# THE BRITISH COLONIST.

Wednesday Morning, Sept 25 1867.  
Shipping Intelligence  
PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED  
Sept 21—Steamer Alexandra, Swanson, New Westminster  
Steamer Winsor, Port Townsend  
Steamer Anderson, Finch, Port Townsend  
CLEARED  
Sept 24—Steamer Eliza Anderson, Finch, Port Townsend  
Ship Lady Franklin, Pritchard, San Juan

POR OF PORT TOWNSEND, W.T.

ENTERED.

Sept 21—Ship Gem of the Ocean, loaded with coal at Bellinger Bay for San Francisco.

CLEARED.

Sept 23—Bar Emma Augusta, cleared for Callao from Port Madison.

MARRIED.

In this city, on the 23d inst., by the Rev. Thomas Souther, M.A., Minister of the Church of Scotland, Samuel George Colton, M.D., U.S. Marine Hospital, Fort Townsend, W.T., to Mary Anne, daughter of Henry Hawkins, Esq., St. John, New Brunswick.

St. John, N.B., papers please copy.

DIED

Mr. Fr. Perron du Departement de la Marne, France, deceased at College St. Louis, a age of 63 years.

His obsequies are to be held on Saturday morning, 26 September, dans l'église de St. Louis à Victoria.

On pris les journaux français de copier.

## Auction Sales To-day.

P. M. BACKUS.....Wharf street.....will sell, at 11 o'clock, Hardware, Holloware and Cutlery

J. A. MC CREA.....Wharf street.....will sell, at 11 o'clock, at salesroom, sloop Red Rover; also, Groceries, etc.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—The Government have laid before Parliament the official correspondence which took place relating to the union of Vancouver Island with British Columbia, the latter giving its name to the now united colonies. The union, which was authorized by Imperial Act of 1866, was proclaimed in both colonies on the 16th of November by Governor Frederick Seymour, who then proceeded to constitute a Legislative Council. In obedience to Her Majesty's commands he reappointed four members of the old Council, with a new treasurer, the late treasurer having left the colony; he also appointed on his own responsibility nine gentlemen whose names were on the commission of the peace, to be members of the Council; and lastly, he apportioned nine seats to be filled on the recommendation of the people—five for the mainland, four for the island. The mode of selection adopted was the same as that previously existing. On the island the old franchise was retained and on the mainland the elections were made by universal suffrage, Indians and Chinese not being allowed to vote. The appointments were made for two years. It was allowed by general consent that such good elements for the constitution of a Legislative Body were never before collected in these colonies. The finances of both were in a very unsatisfactory condition at the time the union took place; union and the consequent large reduction of expenditure came more too soon. As a general rule all salaries, from the Governor's downwards, have been reduced, with the exception of the judicial department; but permanent economy was looked for from amalgamation of offices, rather than from reduction of salaries. The colony contains about 280,000 square miles, and is, therefore, more than double the size of the United Kingdom. Up to October 1866, only about 60,000 acres were settled by white men. The Legislative Assembly of Vancouver Island, in a memorial to Her Majesty last year, stated the population of the two, exclusive of Indians, as not exceeding 10,000 persons; but the Governor, in a despatch accompanying the memorial, observed that this estimate was much lower than the true number.—Times August 5th.

THEATRE.—Manager Marsh has leased the theatre and is now engaged in putting it in thorough repair for the coming season. The floor of the stage will be relaid, the boxes newly decorated, the whole interior of the house painted and ornamented, and new scenery and curtains provided. The place will be greatly changed for the better after it has passed through the hands of the painter and carpenter.

CONFEDERATION.—A letter has been received from Hon. Mr. Tilly, Minister of Customs in the Canadian Dominion, in which he writes announcing his intention of pressing for the Confederation of this colony with the Dominion. This is good news. We hope the efforts of Mr. Tilly will be crowned with success, and that the days of the Seymour Administration are few.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS.—The mail steamer will leave for San Francisco at THREE O'CLOCK this afternoon, sharp. We give this timely notice so that despatches that were left behind on the last mail day, as well as those now preparing, may not be again delayed. Remember the hour! Three o'clock, sharp!!!

THE notorious Broadhead, the Sheffield trades' unionist and murderer, has been readmitted to fellowship by the Saw Grinders' Union, and some of those in attendance at the meeting described him as "the best man in the trade."

THE YELVERTON CASE.—The House of Lords has decided adversely to Mrs Yelverton's application, and that lady announces in a communication to the Times, 'another year's war' against her husband, Major Yelverton.

THE COURT.—The last mosquito having disappeared from the environs of the city of the stumps, the Court designs returning there for the winter. The Sparrowhawk will convey the august party to the favored spot in a few days.

THE COUNTY COURT ACT.—The leading features of this bill, which was lately signed by the Governor and is now law, are as follows: All former acts and all rules and orders of the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of Vancouver Island, are repealed and discharged, saving acquired rights and penalties incurred. Certain Imperial acts are brought into force, and the Governor is authorized to appoint any stipendiary magistrate and justice of the peace to be County Court Judges, who shall have power to adjudicate in cases where the amount sought to be recovered does not exceed \$500. Summonses are made returnable in three days, and an appeal to the Supreme Court on points of law is secured. The Judge of the Supreme Court (if he thinks fit) may act as County Judge; questions of fact may be tried by a jury and the County Judge on security being given, is empowered to issue writs of *capias*. The rules of the County Court will in all cases be made by the Judge or Judges of the Supreme Court, and all fees must be paid into the Treasury. Mr. Pemberton is the first appointment under the act. The County Court Bill passed the Legislative Council on the 2d of April, but only received the Governor's assent on the 17th instant.

THE NEW BRUNSWICK ELECTIONS.—The leading features of this bill, which was lately signed by the Governor and is now law, are as follows: All former acts and all rules and orders of the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of New Brunswick, are repealed and discharged, saving acquired rights and penalties incurred. Certain Imperial acts are brought into force, and the Governor is authorized to appoint any stipendiary magistrate and justice of the peace to be County Court Judges, who shall have power to adjudicate in cases where the amount sought to be recovered does not exceed \$500. Summonses are made returnable in three days, and an appeal to the Supreme Court on points of law is secured. The Judge of the Supreme Court (if he thinks fit) may act as County Judge; questions of fact may be tried by a jury and the County Judge on security being given, is empowered to issue writs of *capias*.

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AT GUS KEYER'S—"Man's Companion" and "IXL"—two choice brands of Tobacco, just received per steamer Active. \*

If you wish the very best CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS, you must call on BRADLEY & RULIFSON, 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco. \*

THE ANNUAL SALARIES OF THE CLERGY OF NEW YORK AMOUNT TO \$504,400.

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DELIBERATE SUICIDE OF A BOY TEN YEARS OF AGE.—A despatch from Healdsburg, California, says: Joseph Garnett, a little boy ten years of age, living at Windsor, Sonoma County, committed suicide on last Saturday under the following circumstances: He had sold a stake rope of his father's, who promised him a thrashing if he did not return it. He went to the drug store in his father's name obtained a bottle of strichine, saying that it was for the purpose of killing a dog. From there he went to the school house and crawled underneath and swallowed most of the poison. He made a pillow of a mass of paper, folded his arms over his breast and covered his eyes with his cap. In this position he was found dead yesterday afternoon.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. G. W. Cool has arrived in town and will be found at the St. George Hotel, rooms Nos. 22 and 23. Those who desire his services will please call immediately, as his stay in town will not be protracted.

INDIAN WHIKEY SELLING AND ASSAULT.—A man named Nathan Simpson was charged yesterday at the Police Court with supplying a squaw with a bottle of spirits, and also with assaulting the officer in the discharge of his duty. The Magistrate was not clearly satisfied with the evidence on the first charge; but on the second charge the prisoner was fined \$25 or two months' imprisonment.

The officer bore evident marks of having been roughly handled... Charles Fisher appeared to answer a charge of assaulting a squaw. A necessary witness being absent, the prisoner was remanded until Saturday.

INDIAN CLAIMS.—The Red River Worcester of the 13th ult says:—The Indians of many of the interior districts are beginning to be aware of the intended sale of this country by the Hudson's Bay Company, and a great deal of excitement is the consequence. Notwithstanding the assurances of the Hudson's Bay Company employees that such is not the case, they have their doubts, and if the company did really make a sale without consulting them, they would find their trading posts more warm than comfortable when once the Indians came to know of it.

PRECISELY!—Mr. Seward remains in the Cabinet to negotiate the exchange of British Columbia for the Alabama claims. So says the telegraph and the point is very finely made indeed; nevertheless, the law of nomenclature beats Mr. Seward. British Columbia was predestined to Jonathan; and that's why they called it 'Columbia.' Ha! Columbia' was written on purpose, and to that catastrophe the British 'sister' will fall into line without any Cabinet or any Mr. Seward.—S F News Letter.

AFFAIRS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.—British Columbian papers discuss the question of union with the dominion of Canada, a project which is very favorably regarded, but there is a difference of opinion as to whether the proper time for it has yet arrived, and whether this colony may not with a little patience place itself in a position to be admitted into the great British American family with more respect.—Times, August 5th.

CHRONIC ERUPTIONS.—An extract from the eminent French physician, Dr. Léonard, on the subject of the great complaint there is among those who inhabit the West Indies, between the 20th and 30th degrees of latitude, is that the disease is of a chronic nature, and that it is not easily cured. The disease is called "leucorrhée," and it is said to be of long duration, and to affect the mucous membranes of the nose, mouth, and eyes, and to cause a constant discharge of mucus, and to be accompanied by a violent headache, and a violent cough, and a violent pain in the head, and a violent pain in the chest, and a violent pain in the abdomen, and a violent pain in the rectum, and a violent pain in the bladder, and a violent pain in the kidneys, and a violent pain in the liver, and a violent pain in the heart, and a violent pain in the lungs, and a violent pain in the joints, and a violent pain in the muscles, and a violent pain in the bones, and a violent pain in the skin, and a violent pain in the hair, and a violent pain in the teeth, and a violent pain in the nails, and a violent pain in the fingers, and a violent pain in the toes, and a violent pain in the feet, and a violent pain in the hands, and a violent pain in the wrists, and a violent pain in the ankles, and a violent 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